ICS-205

INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN	1. Incident /Event Name Garland RACES/ARES Initial Activation Frequency Plan	2. Date/Time Prepared 11/17/2022 14:16	3. Date/Time Prepared Aug 30, 2013 (Initial)

4. Radio Channel Utilization								
Ch #	Function	Name/Trunked Radio System Talkgroup	Assignment	RX Freq N/W	RX Tone	TX Freq N/W	TX Tone	Mode A/D/M	Remarks
1	Command	UTAC70	Staff/EOC	442.7000 MHz W	-	447.7000 MHz W	110.9	A	Command / Control
2	Command	VTAC66	Tactical Net	146.6600 MHz W	-	146.0600 MHz W	110.9	A	Primary - Tactical
3	Logistics	VTAC24	Resource Net	147.2400 MHz W	-	147.8400 MHz W	110.9	A	Secondary - Resource
4	Logistics	VTAC4S	Staging 1	147.5400 MHz W	-	147.5400 MHz W	-	A	Backup/Staging #1 area
5	Utility	VTAC5S	Staging 2	146.5400 MHz W	-	146.5400 MHz W	-	A	Backup/Staging #2 area
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15	Messaging	VDAT2D	Winlink	144.9300 MHz W	-	144.9300 MHz W	-	D	WG5EOC-10 (Vara FM+Packet)
16	Messaging	UDAT1D	Winlink	444.1500 MHz W	-	444.1500 MHz W	-	D	WG5EOC-9 (1200 Packet)
17	Tracking	VDAT1D	APRS	144.3900 MHz W	-	144.3900 MHz W	-	D	General APRS
18	Data	VDAT3D	Bulletins	145.0500 MHz W	-	145.0500 MHz W	-	D	N5CXX-1 Packet BBS
19	Weather	VWX1	All	162.4000 MHz W	-	N/A	-	A	KEC56 NOAA Weather
20									

5. Prepared by (Communications Unit) N5TIM-507 Rev. 11/16/2022-1	Incident Location Garland County/State -Dallas/Texas	USNG -14S QB 10 60

The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" for a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital or "M" indicating mixed mode. All Channels are shown as if programmed in a control station, mobile or portable radio. Repeater and base stations must be programmed with the Rx and Tx reversed.

RACES / ARES / Public Service

Instructions for Incident / Event Radio Communications Plan (ICS Form 205-AR)

Note: This form is used to list the incident / event communications plan and is distributed to each communications team member.

Purpose: This form is to be used to summarize the event radio communications requirements, assignments, frequencies, and any other communications usage information.

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1. **Event/Incident Name** — Enter the Incident or Event name assigned.
2. **Date/Time Prepared** — Enter the date and time from created. (24 hour clock preferred)
3. **Operational Period** — Enter the operational date and time prepared. (24 hour clock preferred)
4. **Basic Radio Channel Utilization** (Enter the following information for radio channel use.)

   Ch # — At the Communications Leader's discretion, Ch # may equate to the Radio's channel number or used as a reference line.

   Function — Net function each channel is assigned (i.e., command, medical, logistics, etc).

   Channel Name/Trunked Sys — Nomenclature or commonly used name for the channel or talkgroup

   Assignment — How/who this channel will be used by (net control, tactical, SAG, APRS, etc).

   RX Freq, N or W — Received frequency as the mobile or portable unit would be programmed using nnn.nnnn followed by a "N" for narrowband or "W" for wideband.

   Name of specific trunked radio system for the talkgroup may be entered across fields normally used for channel information.

   RX Tone/NAC — CTCSS tone or Network Access Code for the received frequency.

   TX Freq, N or W — Transmit frequency as the mobile or portable unit would be programmed for using nnn.nnnn followed by a "N" for narrowband or "W" for wideband.

   TX Tone/NAC — CTCSS tone or Network Access Code for the transmitted frequency.

   Mode — "A" for analog, "D" for digital, or "M" for mixed mode operations.

   Remarks — Narrative information regarding this channel's usage or special situations.
5. **Prepared by** — Name, call sign, and contact phone number of preparer.
6. **Incident Location** — Location that the incident/event occurs.
7.

The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (e.g. D-*STAR*) or "M" indicating mixed mode. All channels are shown as if programmed in a control station, mobile or portable radio. Repeater and base stations must be programmed with the Rx and Tx reversed.